



Community Health Status Indicators


CHSI 2009


Our Mission: Provide Information for Improving Community Health

Relative Health Importance: Autauga County, AL



 Indicates a status favorable to peer county median value

 Indicates that a closer look and perhaps reduction to the percent or rate may be needed. Blank indicates no comparison.

Your Health Status Compared to Peers		
	UNFAVORABLE	FAVORABLE
UNFAVORABLE	 <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low Birth Wt. (<2500 g)• Very Low Birth Wt. (<1500 g)• Premature Births (<37 weeks)• Births to Women under 18• Infant Mortality• Black non Hispanic Infant Mortality• Post-neonatal Infant Mortality• Colon Cancer• Lung Cancer• Motor Vehicle Injuries• Suicide	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coronary Heart Disease• Stroke

Your County's Health Compared to US Rates	FAVORABLE	
		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Neonatal Infant Mortality • Homicide • Unintentional Injury 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Births to Women age 40-54 • Births to Unmarried Women • No Care in First Trimester • White non Hispanic Infant Mortality • Breast Cancer (Female)

The Relative Health Importance table creates four categories of relative concern by simply comparing a county to its peers and to the U.S.

A county's indicators in the Unfavorable/Unfavorable Quadrant () are higher than the U.S. and its peers and may warrant more attention. Conversely, indicators in the Favorable/Favorable Quadrant () of the table compare favorably to both peers and the U.S. The other boxes represent intermediate levels of health where a county's rate is higher than either its peers or the U.S., but not both.

Source: **Measures of Birth and Death data tables**

Methodology: Studnicki, J. et al. (1997). *Community health report card: Comprehensive Assessment for Tracking Community Health (CATCH), Best Practices and Benchmarking in Healthcare*, Vol 2(5), 196-207.